

令和3年度
興南高等学校
入学試験問題

中期

英語

令和3年2月13日（土）実施 50分／100点満点

受験上の注意

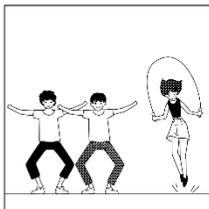
1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題用紙は開かないようにして下さい。解答用紙は別になっています。
2. 問題は ① ～ ⑥ まで6題あります。①はリスニング問題です。
3. リスニング問題は試験開始直後に始まります。
4. 試験時間は50分です。
5. 解答は解答用紙の所定のところに記入して下さい。
6. 解答用紙には、受験番号、中学校名、氏名を必ず記入して下さい。
7. 試験終了後、問題用紙は持ち帰って下さい。

4.

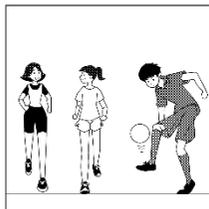
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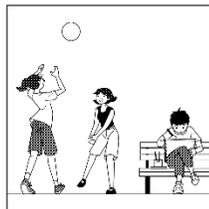
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問2 短い対話を聞いて、その続きを答える問題です。それぞれの対話のあとに続く英文として最も適切な答えをア～エから1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。対話は2回ずつ放送されます。

1. ア I stayed there for six days.
イ I went there with my family.
ウ It took more than ten hours by plane.
エ I can't remember how it was.

2. ア Sorry. I was busy then.
イ I was happy to go fishing alone.
ウ I hope the weather will be nice.
エ That's too bad. See you next time.

3. ア We won't go to the station.
イ All right, let's do that.
ウ No, I left home at about ten.
エ You may stay at home on that day.

問3 英文を聞いて、その内容についての質問に答える問題です。1～3の質問について、最も適切な答えをア～エから1つずつ選び、記号で答えなさい。英文と質問は2回ずつ放送されます。

1. ア For four years.
イ For six years.
ウ For seven years.
エ For more than ten years.

2. ア Practicing the famous song was.
イ Playing the piano with her friends was.
ウ Learning how to sing popular songs was.
エ Hearing kind words from her teacher was.

3. ア Because she won the first place at the music festival.
イ Because she could play the piano better than usual.
ウ Because she was given kind words from her parents.
エ Because she had a chance to play the piano in front of them.

第2問 次の問い (A・B・C・D) に答えなさい。

A 次の問い (問 1～5) の () に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ ①～④の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問 1 You look pale. You () go to see a doctor.

- ① should ② mustn't ③ used to ④ don't have to

問 2 A: Did you enjoy your trip to Taiwan?

B: Yes, I did. I () a great time there.

- ① did ② became ③ had ④ met

問 3 A: Could you show me how to use the washing machine?

B: ()

- ① So do I. ② Of course.
③ Yes, I do it sometimes. ④ Thank you.

問 4 You don't like fish, ()?

- ① will you ② do you ③ aren't you ④ don't you

問 5 I went to the library, but it () that day.

- ① closes ② is closed ③ was closed ④ closing

B 次の問い（問 1～5）において、下線の文が文法的に正しい場合は○で、文法的に間違っている場合は×で答えなさい。

問 1 A: Do you know where did Lisa go?

B: I have no idea.

問 2 A: I got a job in America!

B: Wow! I'm glad to hear that.

問 3 A: I'm tired of the meeting.

B: Me, too. It's taking too long.

問 4 A: When have you been absent from school?

B: Last Friday.

問 5 A: I enjoyed to talk with you yesterday.

B: Thank you. Let's have dinner someday.

C 次の問い（問 1～3）の会話文について、（ ）に入れるのに最も適切なものを①～④の中から1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問 1 A: I'm going to have a Halloween party. Do you want to come?

B: ()

- ① Go for it.
- ② Sounds good.
- ③ For eight years.
- ④ You did well.

問 2 A: Would you like something to drink?

B: ()

- ① I never drink tea.
- ② I loved soda when I was a child.
- ③ I will have a sandwich.
- ④ I would like some orange juice, please.

問 3 A: May I help you?

B: Do you have a red bag?

A: Sure. Here you are.

B: () How much is it?

- ① I'll take it.
- ② I'll go with you.
- ③ I'll be seventeen.
- ④ I'll be back.

D 次の問い（問 1～3）において、日本文の意味を表すように（ ）内の語を並べかえるとき、**2 番目と 4 番目に来る語**を選んで番号で答えなさい。

問 1 あそこに座っている女の人を知っています。

(① the woman ② I ③ sitting ④ know ⑤ over there).

問 2 ライオンはすべての動物の中でもっとも強いです。

Lions (① the ② all ③ are ④ of ⑤ strongest) animals.

問 3 そこへ行くにはどのくらいかかりますか。

(① long ② it ③ take ④ how ⑤ to ⑥ does) get there?

第3問 次の問い（A・B）に答えなさい。

A 次の問い（問1～5）の各組の英文がほぼ同じ内容を表すように（ ）に入る英語1語をそれぞれ答えなさい。文頭に来る語は大文字から始めること。

問1 Your bike is newer than mine.

My bike is () than yours.

問2 I left home so early that I could get a good seat for the concert.

I left home early () to get a good seat for the concert.

問3 Greg came to Japan three years ago. He is still in Japan.

Greg () () in Japan for three years.

問4 Brad said nothing and went out of the room.

Brad went out of the room () () anything.

問5 Masa is rich, but he isn't happy.

() Masa is rich, he isn't happy.

B 次の問い（問 1～4）の説明が表す最も適切な英語 1 語を答えなさい。
ただし、（ ）内以示されたアルファベットで始まる語とする。

問 1 to make musical sounds with the voice (s-)

問 2 feeling a need for food (h-)

問 3 the condition of one's body or mind (h-)

問 4 having a high price (e-)

第4問 次の問い（A・B）に答えなさい。

A 次の各文章を読み、問いに答えなさい。

問 1

When you think about a wedding party, you can easily imagine *what it is like. People wear wedding dresses and cut wedding cake together and so on. Do you know any unique wedding customs around the world?

*Armenian men and women break a plate for good luck, then they are given bread and honey. They put the bread on their shoulders to *ward off evil and eat honey for happiness.

During *Congolese men and women's wedding day, they must not smile. If they do it, it would mean they aren't serious about marriage.

*Mongolian couple must first kill a baby chicken and cut it *apart, holding the knife together, to find a healthy *liver.

*what it is like それがどのようなものか *Armenian アルメニア人の

*ward off evil 悪魔を追い払う *Congolese コンゴ人の

*Mongolian モンゴル人の *apart ばらばらに *liver 肝臓

Q1: Which sentence is true about the story?

- ① Japanese people don't have wedding parties.
- ② Armenian people make honey for their wedding parties.
- ③ Congolese people mustn't smile during their wedding parties.
- ④ Mongolian people kill a baby pig before their wedding parties.

問 2

Many of you know sandwiches, but do you know why we call them sandwiches? In the 17th century, people in the Netherlands started to eat something that looked like the sandwiches we eat today. The sandwich got its name from an 18th century English man, John Montague, the 4th *Earl of Sandwich (1718-1792). He asked the house cook to bring him something he could eat without getting up from his seat, and the sandwich was born. He liked this meal so much because he could eat it with one hand and continue to *play cards with another hand. He didn't want to stop playing cards...! Soon people started ordering "the same as Sandwich".

*Earl of Sandwich サンドイッチ伯爵 *play cards トランプをする

Q2: Why did John Montague like the sandwich?

- ① Because he was interested in healthy foods.
- ② Because he could eat it without using hands.
- ③ Because he could eat it with one hand and continue to play cards.
- ④ Because he liked to cook the meal with slices of bread.

- B 次の広告文を読み、あとの問い（問 1～3）に対して最も適切なもの、または文を完成させるのに最も適切なものを選びなさい。

Welcome to KN Aquarium

Visitors Information

Opening Hours

Ticket Sales Categories

🕒 Opening Hours 🕒

10:00 am - 7:00 pm everyday

Last *admission is 1 hour before closing

If there are too many visitors, there may be *restricted admission.

🎫 Tickets 🎫

ADULT Ages 20+	YOUTH Ages 13-19	CHILD Ages 4-12
¥ 2500	¥ 2000	¥ 1500

Children under 3 get free admission

Local residents (living in Okinawa) can enjoy half price admission.

Please buy admission tickets from the ticket counter.

If you buy your tickets online, you can get 10 percent off.

Group discount is not available.

*admission 入場 *restricted 制限されて

問 1 Visitors have to enter this aquarium by _____

- ① 6 pm.
- ② 7 pm.
- ③ 8 pm.
- ④ 9 pm.

問 2 If there are many visitors in this aquarium, you cannot _____

- ① get 10 percent off your ticket.
- ② get a free ticket.
- ③ enter the aquarium.
- ④ buy your ticket there.

問 3 A 15-year-old girl living in Okinawa wants to buy a ticket from the ticket counter. How much will she pay?

- ① ¥1,000.
- ② ¥1,500.
- ③ ¥2,000.
- ④ ¥2,500.

第5問 次の会話文を読み、あとの問い（問1～4）に答えなさい。

Masa: Good morning, Jeff. Are you OK? You don't look good today.

Jeff: I...I am okay, but my teacher gave me difficult homework today.

Masa: Oh too bad. What is it about?

Jeff: It's about SDGs. I have to make a report on SDGs. I have no idea what it is about. Do you know anything about SDGs?

Masa: SDGs? Yes, I know a little bit about it.

Jeff: Really? Please tell me about anything you know about them.

Masa: Okay. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are universal plans for all countries to end *poverty, protect the planet and *ensure *prosperity for all. They are a set of 17 goals and there are 169 targets. Have you ever seen this poster?



Jeff: Yes, I have seen this poster before.

Masa: Good. And The SDGs run from 2015 to 2030.

Jeff: It's 2020 now, so we have 10 years to reach the goals.

Masa: Yes, you are right. So there are more and more people and companies learning about SDGs these days. One of my friends at Konan High School researched on the problems of Okinawa with SDGs. He told me that learning SDGs was difficult but he really enjoyed it.

Jeff: At first, I didn't know anything about SDGs. But I have found that each of us has to think about our planet and maybe all of us have a

thing to start making changes to our lives.

Masa: That's right. Okay, now you look fine. Why don't you start doing your homework?

Jeff: Ok. I want to know about it! Thanks a lot.

*poverty 貧困 *ensure 保証する *prosperity 繁栄

問 1 Why didn't Jeff look good?

- ① Because he had a fever.
- ② Because he couldn't sleep well.
- ③ Because his teacher gave him a hard assignment.
- ④ Because his teacher was angry at him.

問 2 How many goals do SDGs have?

- ① 17 ② 169 ③ 186 ④ 2873

問 3 Until when do we have to achieve the goals?

- ① 2020
- ② 2025
- ③ 2030
- ④ 2035

問 4 Which of the following is true about SDGs?

- ① It started in 2020
- ② It is only known in Japan.
- ③ They are only for poor people.
- ④ They are shared by a lot of countries to make our future better.

第6問 次の文章を読んで、あとの問い（問1～5）の答えとして（ ）
に入る語を答えなさい。

What do you imagine when you hear “Okinawa’s seas”? The color of the sea is blue and many people think it beautiful. The blue color comes from *seaweed, *coral reefs, and the ocean floor. The white sand on the beach is beautiful, too. The sand is made of the *remains of coral reefs and other *creatures of the ocean.

The coral reefs are some of the beautiful *features of Okinawa’s seas. When you go diving near the coral reefs, you can see a wonderful world of different colors of the coral reefs. That is the reason many divers from all over the world come to Okinawa to enjoy this wonderful sea world. In the coral reefs of Okinawa, there are about 200 kinds of coral and about 1500 kinds of fish live there.

However, some people say that more than half of the Okinawa’s coral has died because of *global warming. The temperature of the sea is getting higher. It is very bad for the coral. The coral becomes white (we call this “coral bleaching”) and it dies in the end.

Since the 1970s, forests have been cut down to make roads and resorts. Because many trees were cut down, the *soil went into ocean. Coral cannot live in the dirty water. If the coral dies, a lot of other creatures in the sea die, too.

We must think of the future of the coral reefs and living things there and keep the beautiful ocean around Okinawa. What can we do to save the ocean?

*seaweed 海藻 *coral reef(s) サンゴ礁 *remains 死がい *creatures 生き物
*features 特徴 *global warming 地球温暖化 *soil 土壌

問 1 What is the white sand on the beach made of?

It is made of the remains of () () and other creatures.

問 2 What is the reason that many divers come to Okinawa?

They can see a wonderful world of different () of coral reefs.

問 3 What happens if the temperature of the sea gets higher?

The coral ().

問 4 Why did the soil go into the sea since the 1970s?

Because people () () the trees.

問 5 What do we have to do for Okinawa's seas?

We have to think of the future and () the beautiful ocean.